



# **Workshop and Think-Tank Roundtable discussion of the future trends and directions covering the technological and socio-economic aspects of Mobile Search**

**Participants: All Previous Speakers**

*Chaired by Stavri Nikolov (IPTS) and Pieter van der Linden (Technicolor)*

## **Presentation of the Preliminary Results of the 2010 IPTS Mobile Search Survey**

M.Bacigalupo, S. G. Nikolov, R.Compañó

European Commission - Joint Research Centre

Institute for Prospective Technological Studies - IPTS

<http://ipts.jrc.ec.europa.eu/>

### **Disclaimer**

The views expressed are those of the presenter and may not in any circumstances be regarded as stating an official position of the European Commission.

Neither the European Commission nor any person acting on behalf of the Commission is responsible for the use which might be made of this presentation.

- Peggy Anne Salz (MSearchGroove)
- Jose-Luis Gomez Barroso (UNED)
- Karen Church (Telefonica)
- Juha Kaario (Varaani Works)
- Michel Plu (Orange)
- Matt Jones (University of Swansea)
- Georg Treu (Aloqa)
- François Daoust (W3C)
- Steve Ives (Taptu)
- Pierre Scokaert (AB Phone)
- Philipp Breuss-Schneeweis (Mobilizy)
- Philippe Cheron (Yacast)
- Bernard Barani (EC DG INFSO)
- Loretta Anania (EC DG INFSO)
  
- Stavri Nikolov (IPTTS, EC)
- Margherita Bacigalupo (IPTTS, EC)
- Pieter Van den Linden (Technicolor)

- How are mobile **information needs** changing?
- How is the mobile search **market** likely to evolve?
- Which are the major **bottlenecks**?
- Which are the main **challenges** to be overcome?
- How are mobile search **usage patterns** changing?
- How is **Europe placed** with regard to the rest of the world?
- Is there a consensus on **future trends** and directions?
- What are the main **technological and economical challenges** ahead?

- ❑ Survey Overview and Statements
- ❑ Mobile Search Technologies and Interfaces
- ❑ Mobile Search Applications and Business Models
- ❑ Mobile Search Usage
- ❑ Personalized Services and Privacy Issues

## □ Survey organised by IPTS

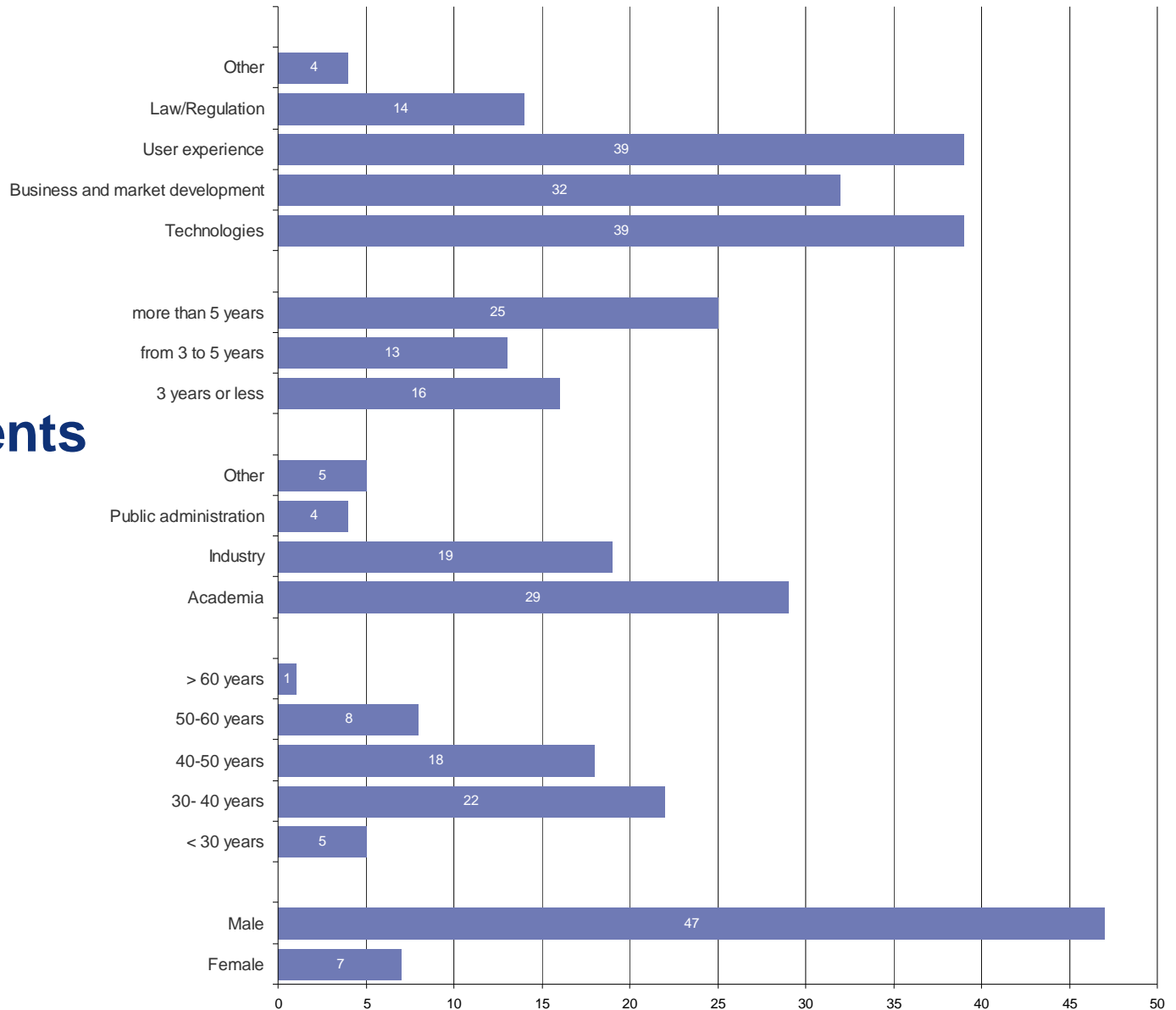
- ↘ In the framework of the CHORUS+ project
- ↘ Fieldwork ~ **April-May** 2010 (150 invitation sent)
- ↘ Preliminary Results ~ **June** 2010 (54 replies received)
- ↘ <http://ec.europa.eu/yourvoice/ipm/forms/dispatch?form=MobileSearch2010>

## □ The questionnaire was designed to foster discussion of the current trends, main challenges and likely future developments of mobile search.

- ↘ Statements (14)
- ↘ Expert mobile search use (15)
- ↘ Mobile search technology today and tomorrow (6)
- ↘ Mobile Search Challenges and Business Models (2)
- ↘ Privacy Issues (7 Statements)
- ↘ Respondent's profile (5)

- ❑ **In 2009 a similar exercise was carried out, but scenarios were used to discuss the key issues that affect Mobile Search future developments, drivers and barriers**
  
- ❑ **Scenario were used to:**
  - ↘ ease forward thinking and reflection on current trends and developments,
  - ↘ stimulate dialogue about the future of Mobile Search by envisioning applications in context
  
- ❑ **Scenarios provided the context for replying to the survey, both scenarios and survey results were discussed in a f2f workshop [April 2009].**

**54 respondents**

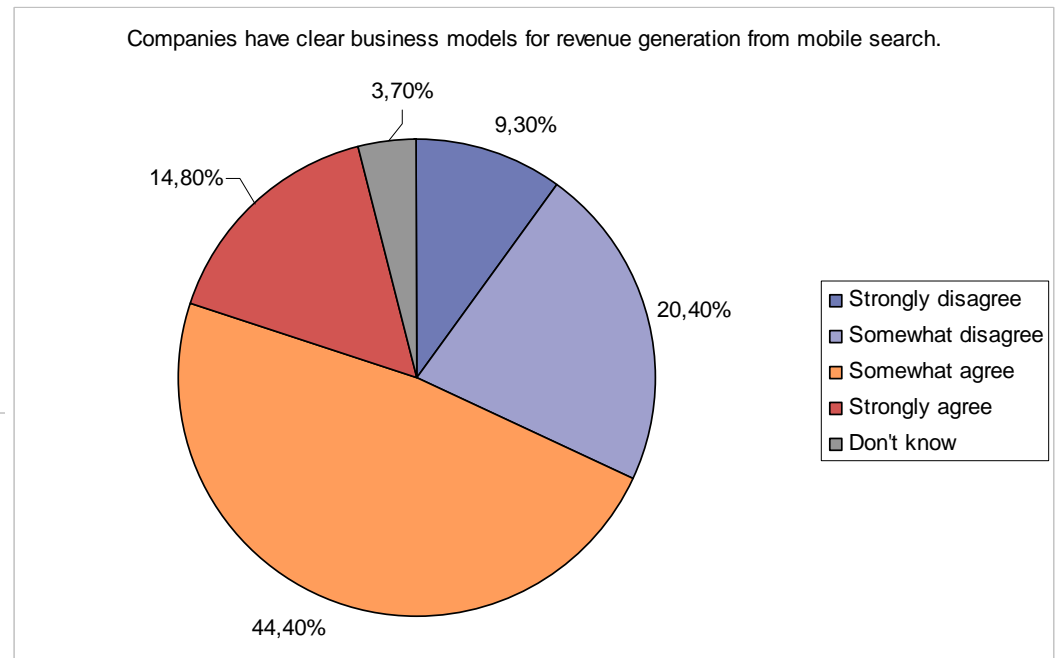
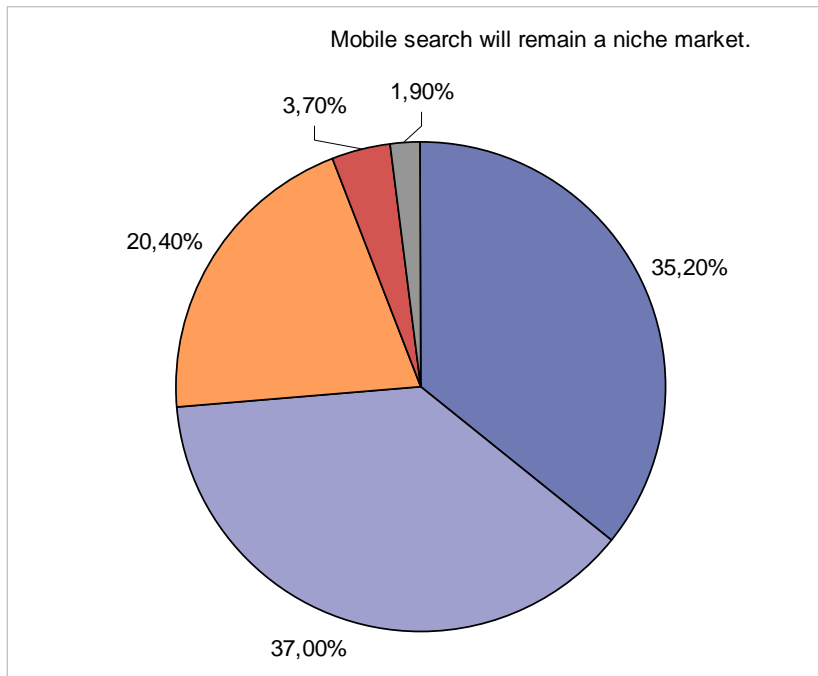


## Mobiles search related statements

How are mobile information needs changing?

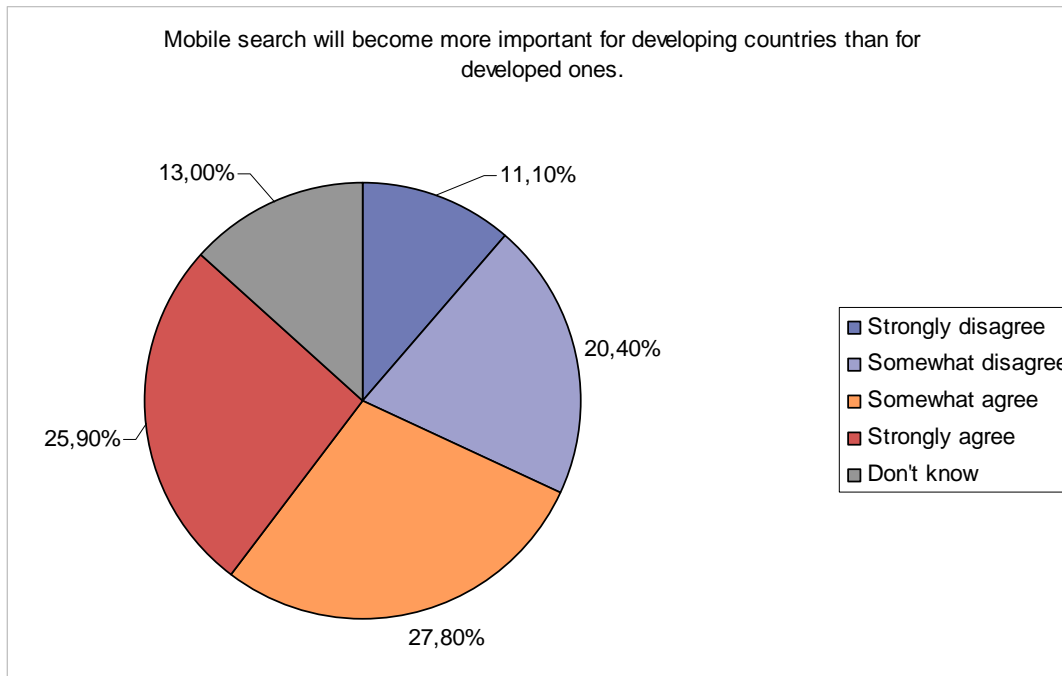


## Mobile search is taking off



- Strongly disagree
- Somewhat disagree
- Somewhat agree
- Strongly agree
- Don't know

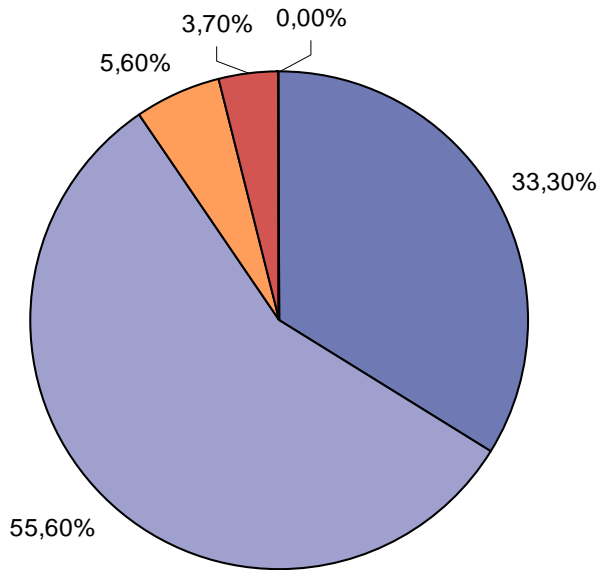
## Mobile search is taking off



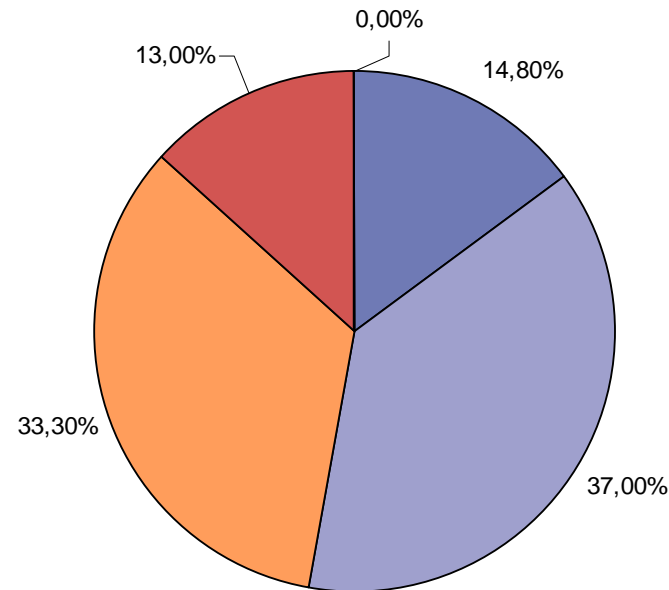
**Will it be a global phenomenon or a confined one?**

## Is mobile search fundamentally different from PC search?

Search on mobile devices is fundamentally the same as search on PCs.



Mobile search is mainly about location-based services.

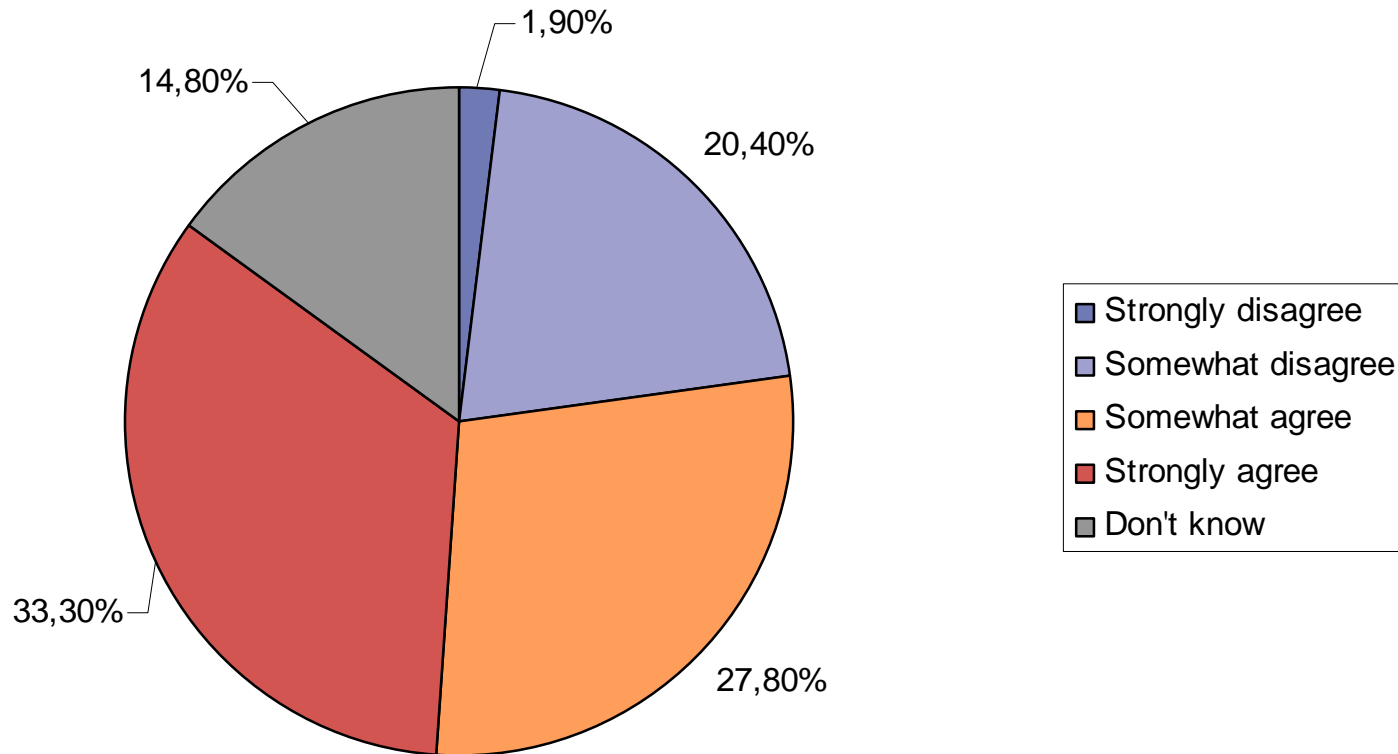


- Strongly disagree
- Somewhat disagree
- Somewhat agree
- Strongly agree
- Don't know

If **location** is not the key, which is it then?

## Are we about to break the **wall**?

Mobile application stores e.g. s Apple App Store or Android Market can easily operate in Europe.

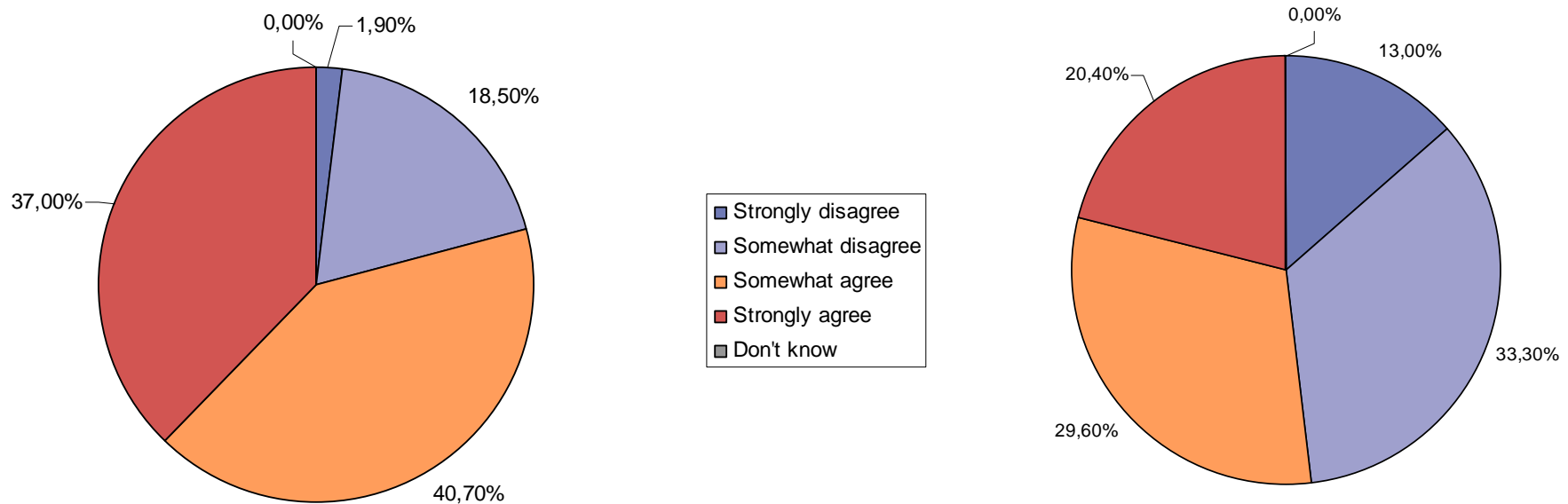


## Mobile search technology today and tomorrow

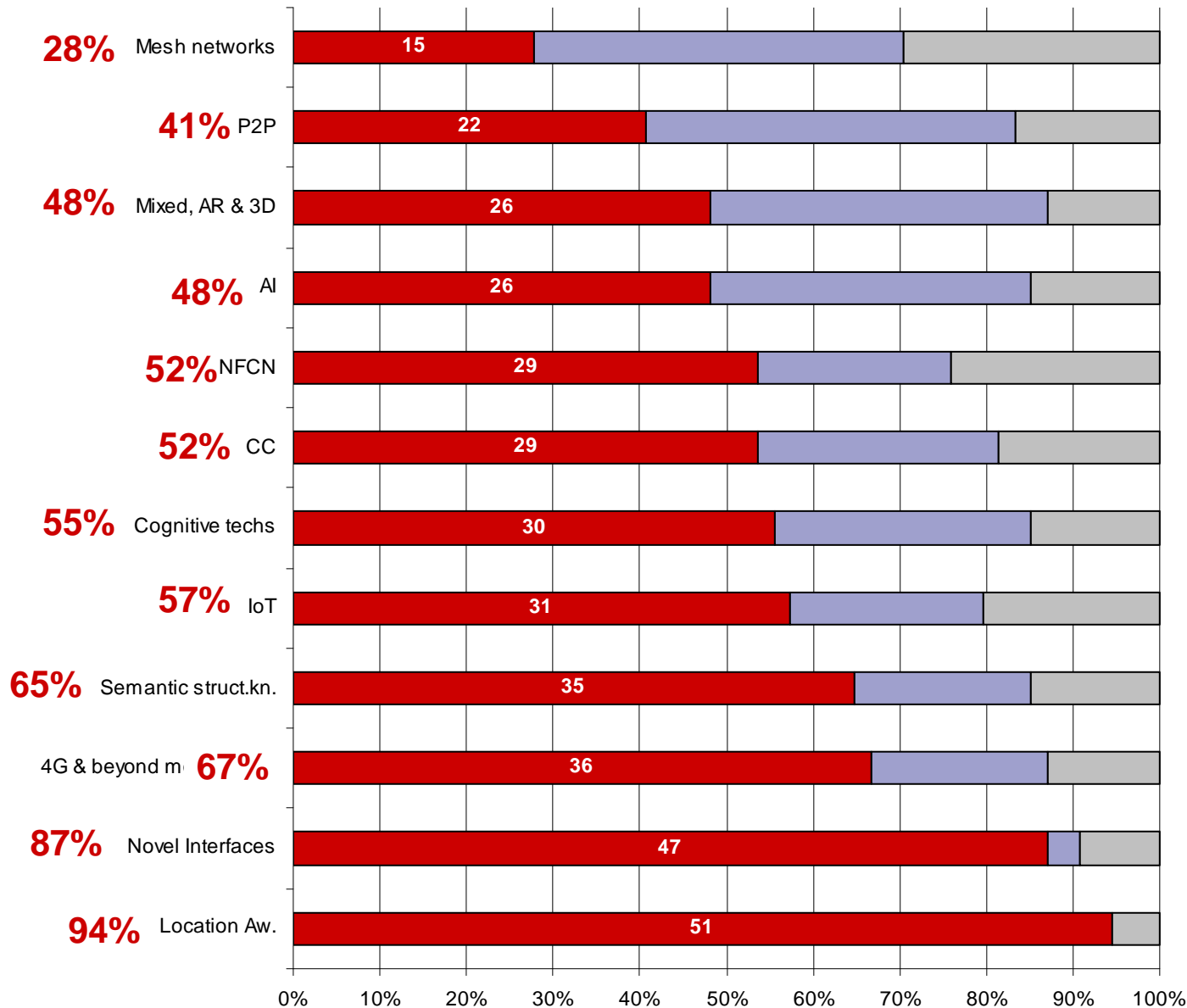
- What are the main technological challenges ahead?
- Is there a consensus on future trends and directions?
- Which are the major bottlenecks?

## The main technological bricks (devices, networks, applications) for mobile search are already there

- 78% of respondents agree with this statement

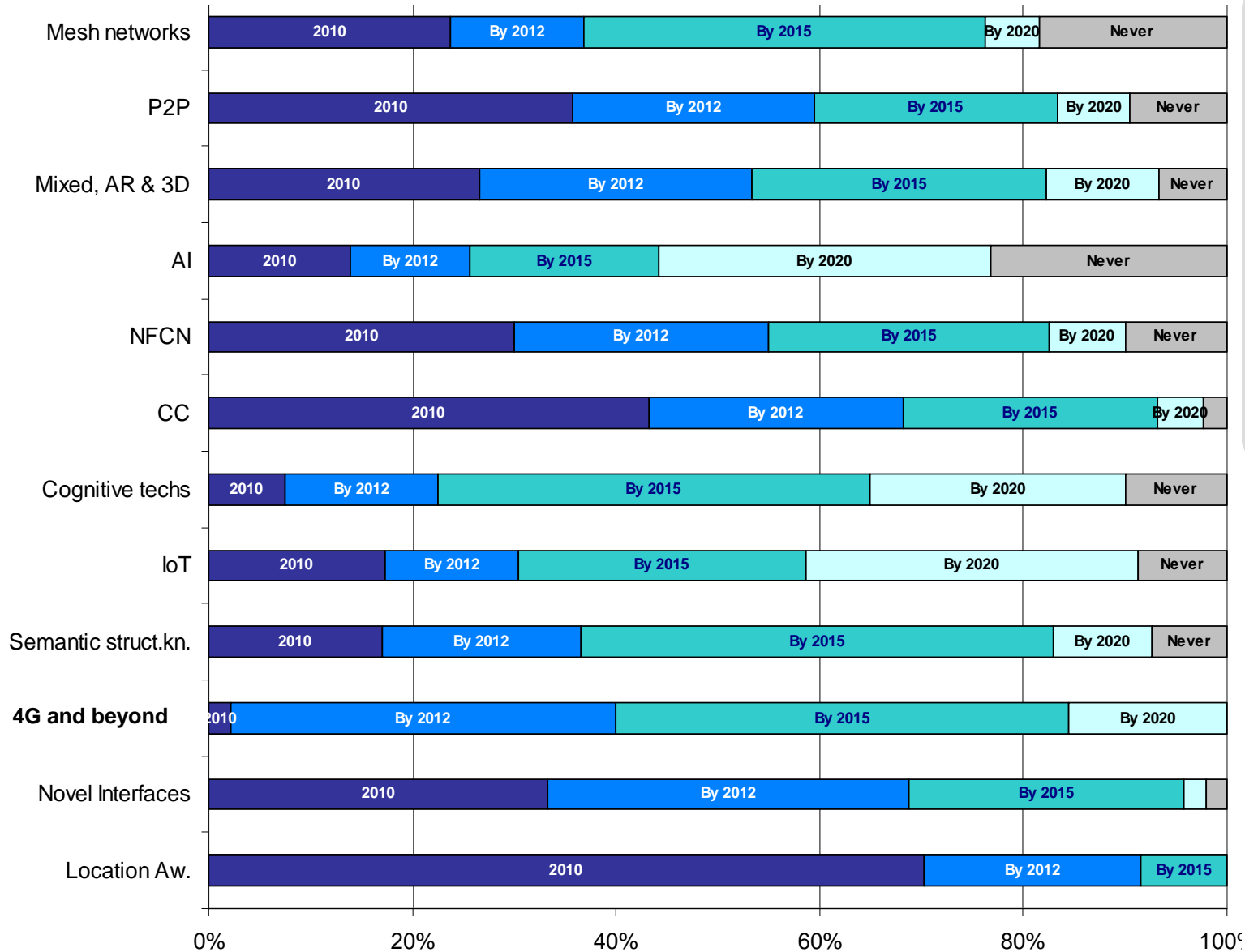


However 50% of respondents state that the major challenge for mobile search is still of technological nature



Please rate the importance of the technologies listed here for today's mobile search

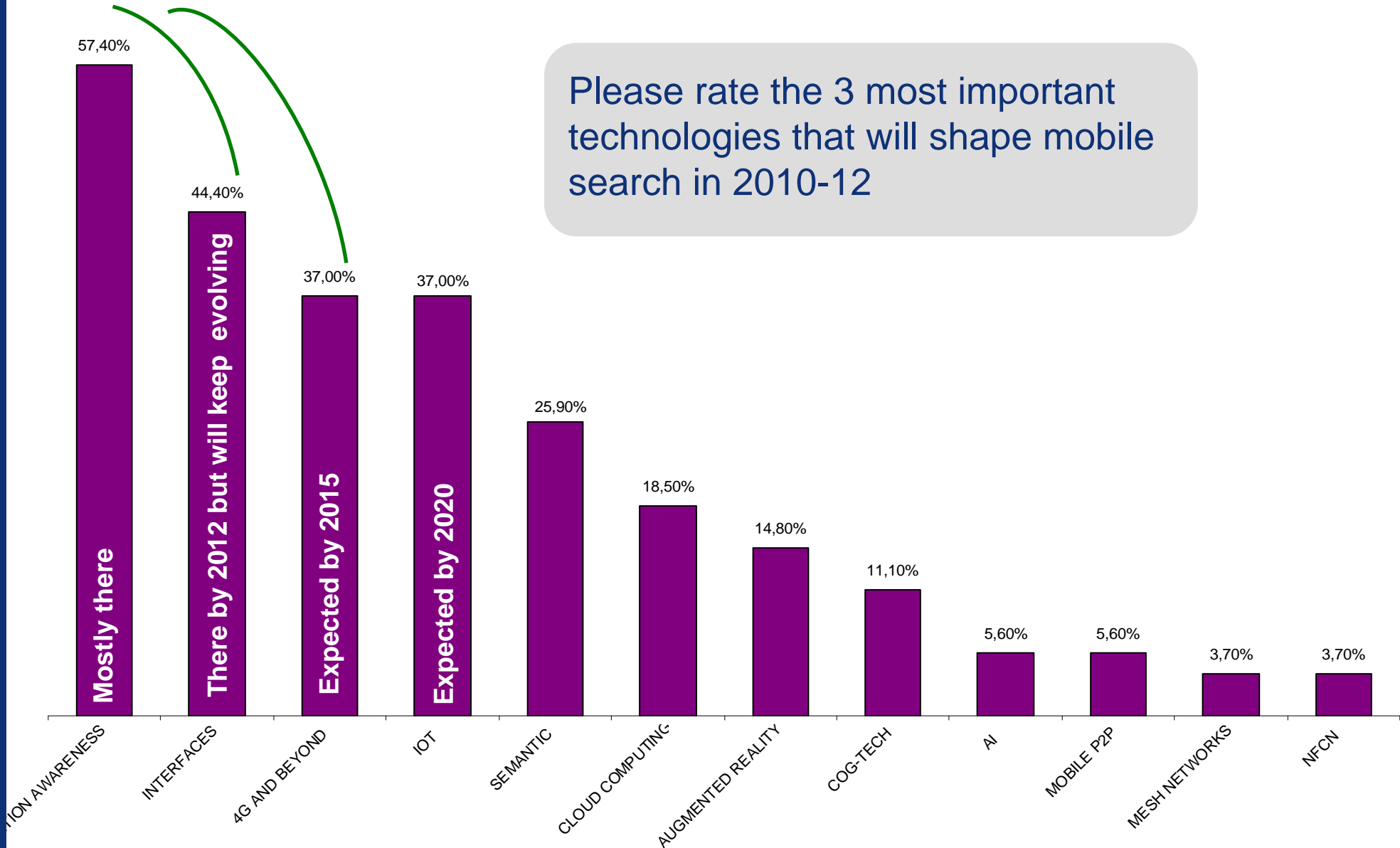
■ Very Important or important  
 ■ Not important or absolutely not important  
 ■ Other (DNK, NA)

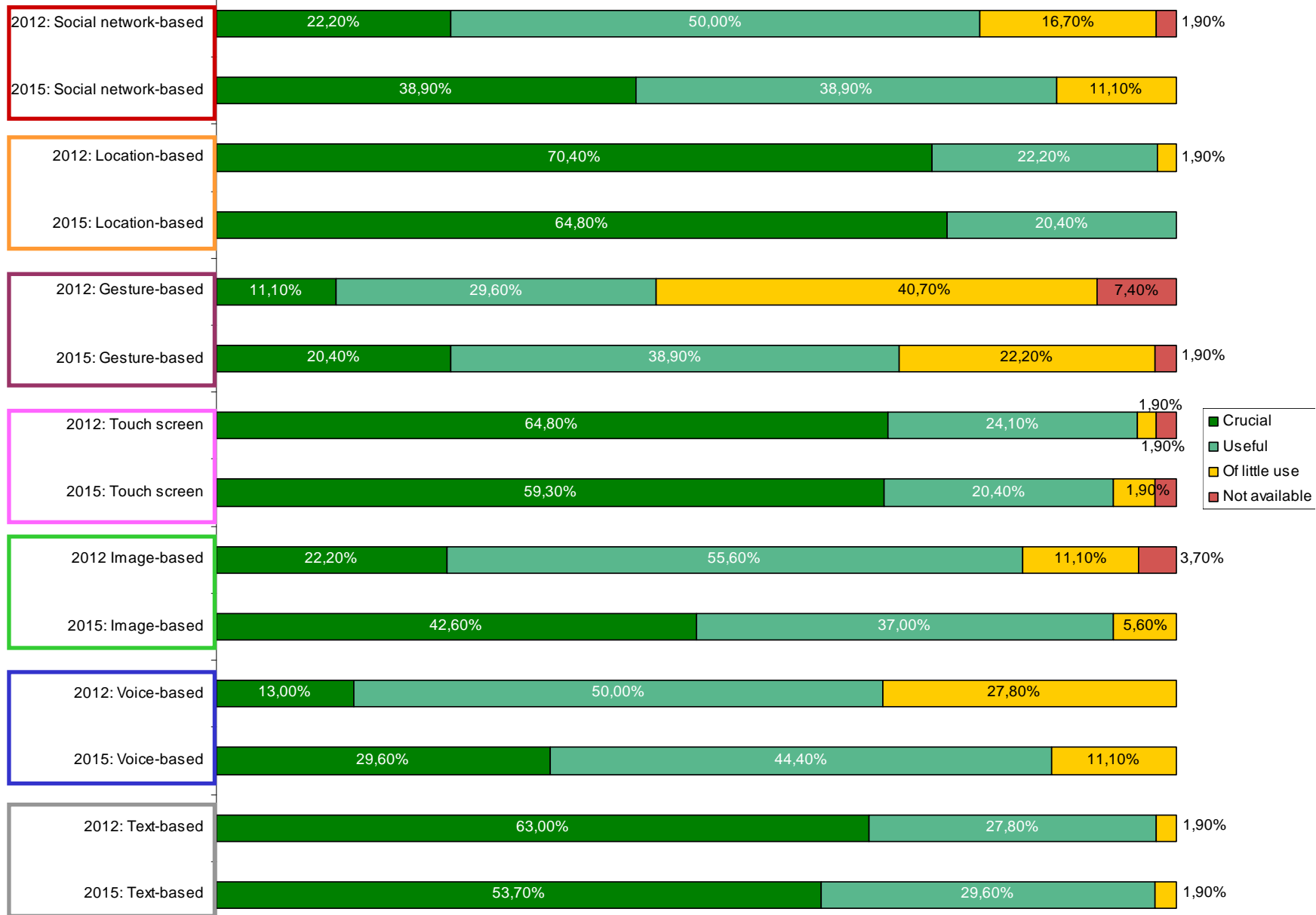


When will these technologies be commonplace in Mobile Search Applications?



Please rate the 3 most important technologies that will shape mobile search in 2010-12



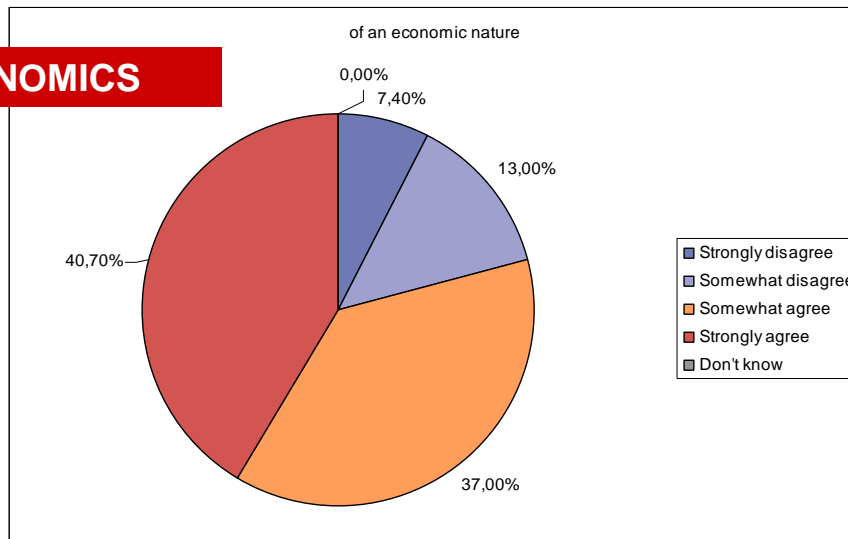


## Mobile search applications and business models

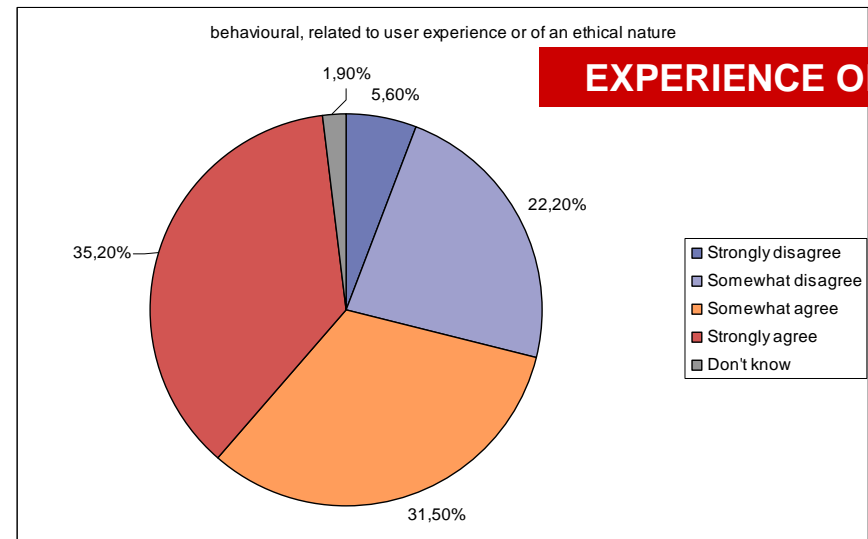
- What are the main economical challenges ahead?
- How is the mobile search market likely to evolve?
- Is there a consensus on future trends and directions (when it comes to business models)?
- How is Europe placed with regard to the rest of the world?

## □ The major challenge to Mobile Search is... (Please, indicate the level of your agreement)

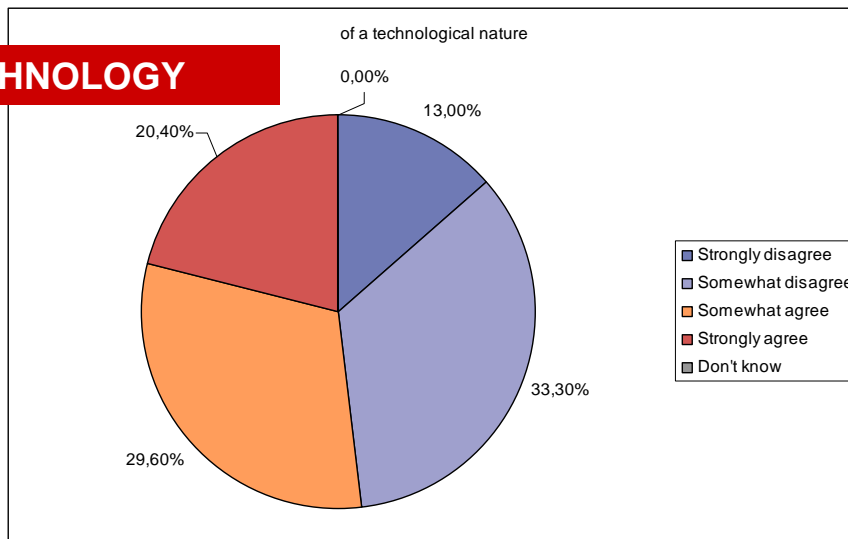
### ECONOMICS



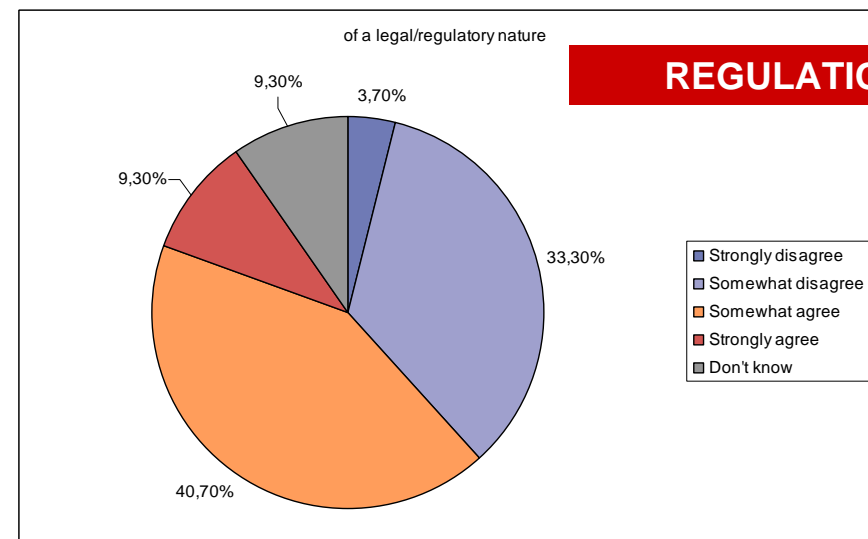
### EXPERIENCE OF USE



### TECHNOLOGY

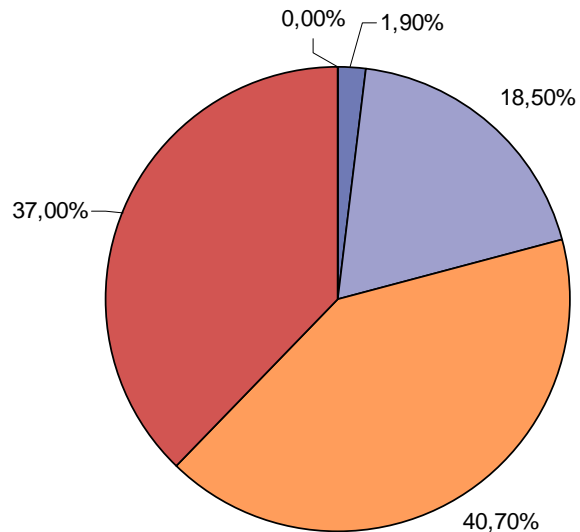


### REGULATIONS

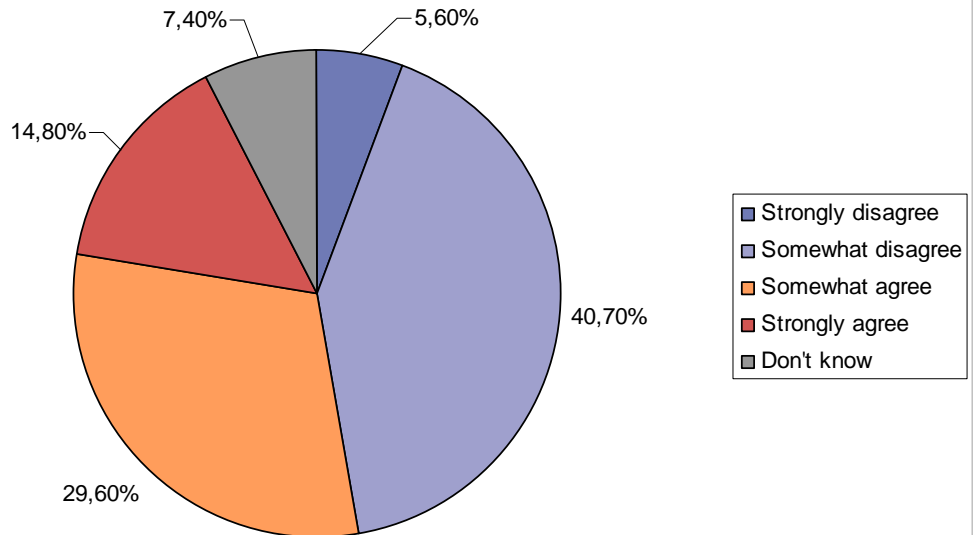


## Technology is not slowing down the evolution of mobile search.

The main technological "bricks" devices, networks, applications... for mobile search are already in place.



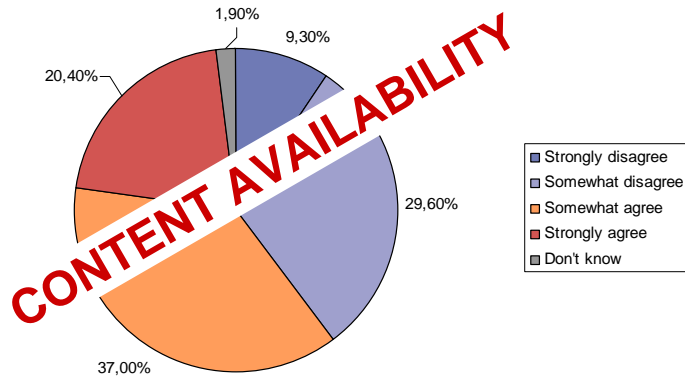
Privacy concerns hamper technological evolution in the mobile search field.



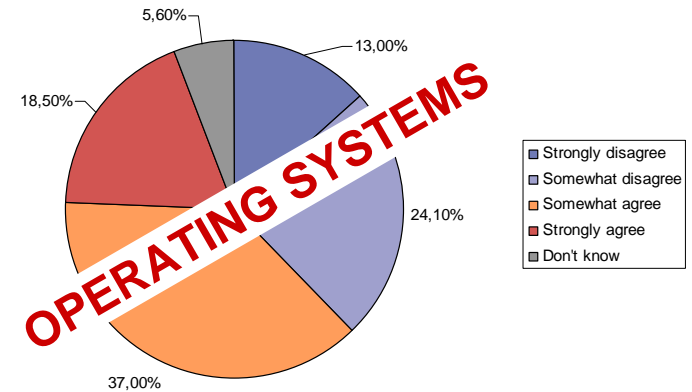
Where are the **bottlenecks** then?

## Are there other bottlenecks?

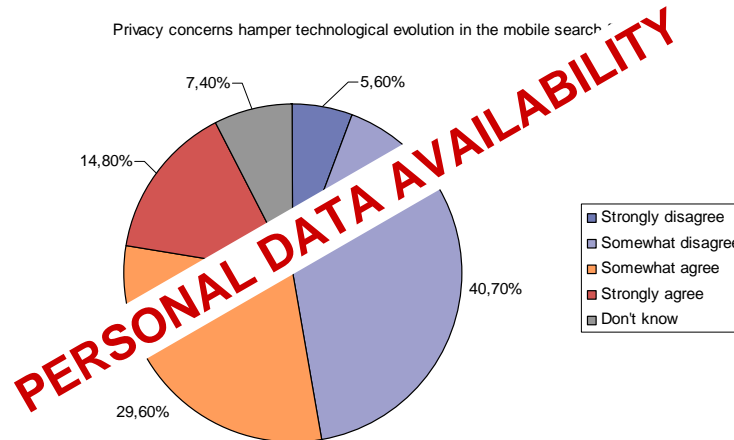
Mobile search works but there is little high-quality content tailored to mobiles to be retrieved.

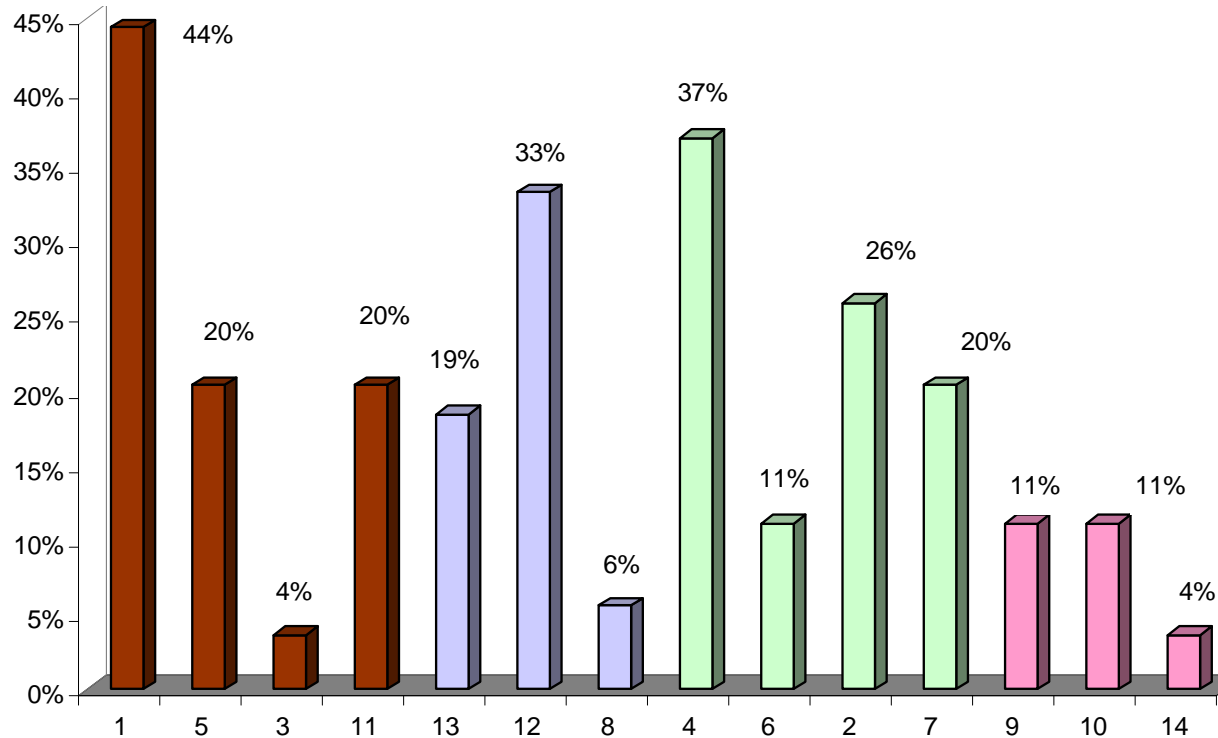


The current variety of operating systems is a barrier to mobile search services.

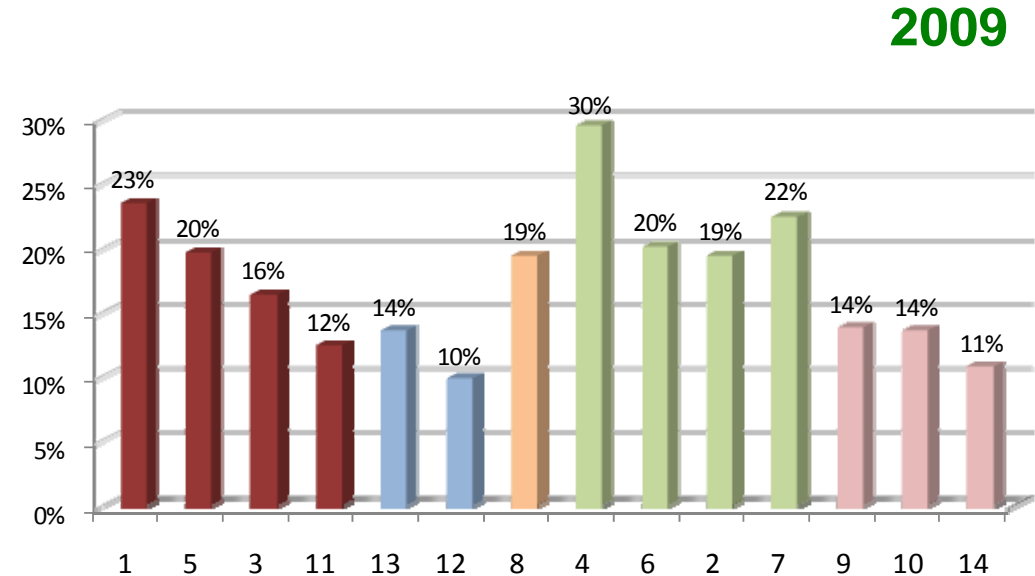
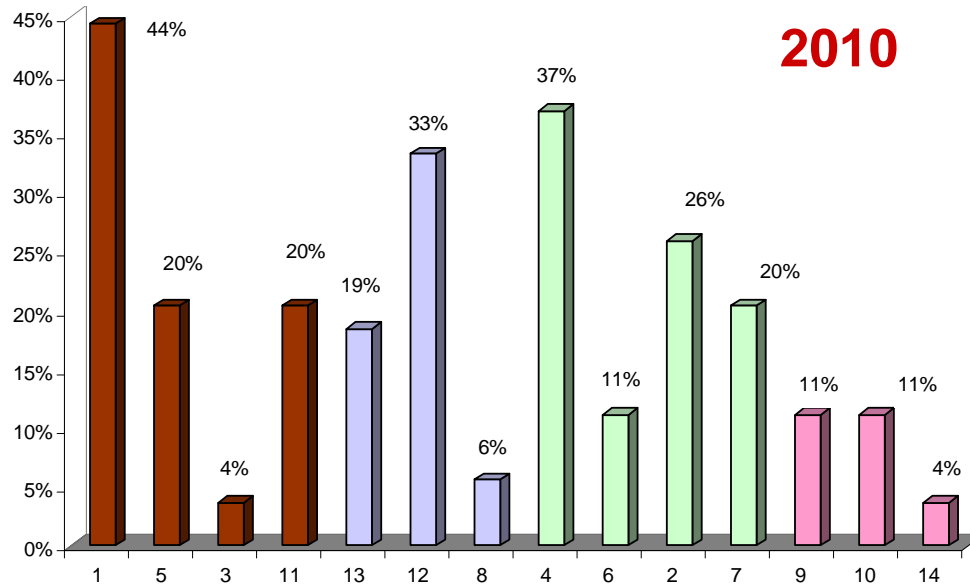


Privacy concerns hamper technological evolution in the mobile search.





- 1 Advertising in general** i.e. like in today Web search.
- 5 Advertising** but based on some product placement i.e., linked with another product: a TV show, a cinema premiere, ....
- 3 Merchandising** i.e., as a way to sell some other product or service or affiliation i.e., to create opportunities of business for some other site.
- 11 User profiling** i.e., selling the user profiles for commercial purposes.
- 13 Packaged with the mobile handset.**
- 12 Packaged with the voice**, data services of the MNO
- 8 Packaged** with some other product or service not related with ICTs a flight ticket, an insurance,...
- 4 Premium services**
- 6 Value-added services** i.e., a contract for a pack of services on top of usual ones.
- 2 Pay-as-you-go impulse purchase.**
- 7 Subscription** monthly/annual fee, etc.
- 9 Business model** to be defined at a very late stage when a critical mass of users is achieved (e.g. Twitter)
- 10 User community** maintained by users (e.g. Wikipedia)
- 14 Not a commercial service** i.e., a public service.



- 1 Advertising in general** i.e. like in today Web search.
- 5 Advertising** but based on some product placement i.e., linked with another product: a TV show, a cinema premiere, ....
- 3 Merchandising i.e.**, as a way to sell some other product or service or affiliation i.e., to create opportunities of business for some other site.
- 11 User profiling i.e.**, selling the user profiles for commercial purposes.
- 13 Packaged with the mobile handset.**
- 12 Packaged with the voice**, data services of the MNO

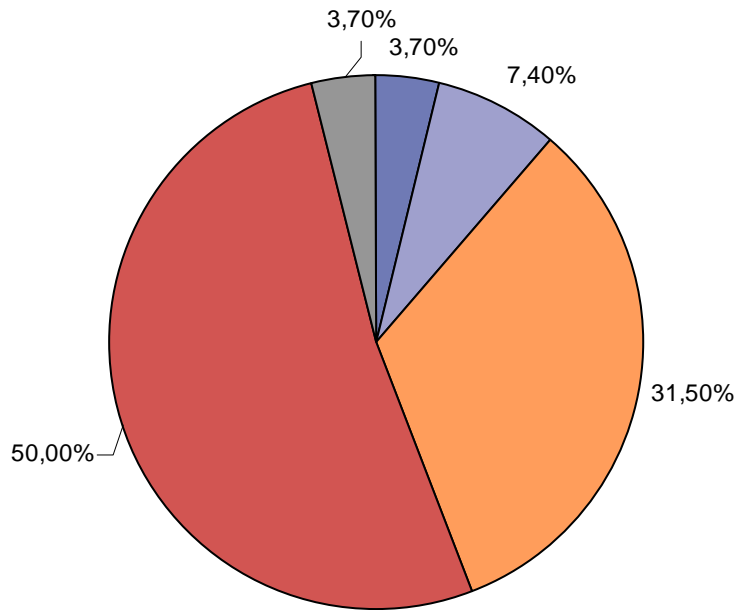
- 8 Packaged with some other product or service** not related with ICTs a flight ticket, an insurance,...
- 4 Premium services**
- 6 Value-added services i.e.**, a contract for a pack of services on top of usual ones.
- 2 Pay-as-you-go impulse purchase.**
- 7 Subscription** monthly/annual fee, etc.
- 9 Business model to be defined** at a very late stage when a critical mass of users is achieved (e.g. Twitter)
- 10 User community** maintained by users (e.g. Wikipedia)
- 14 Not a commercial service i.e., a public service.**



## Privacy issues and personalised services in relation to mobile search

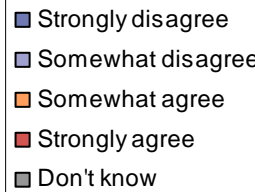
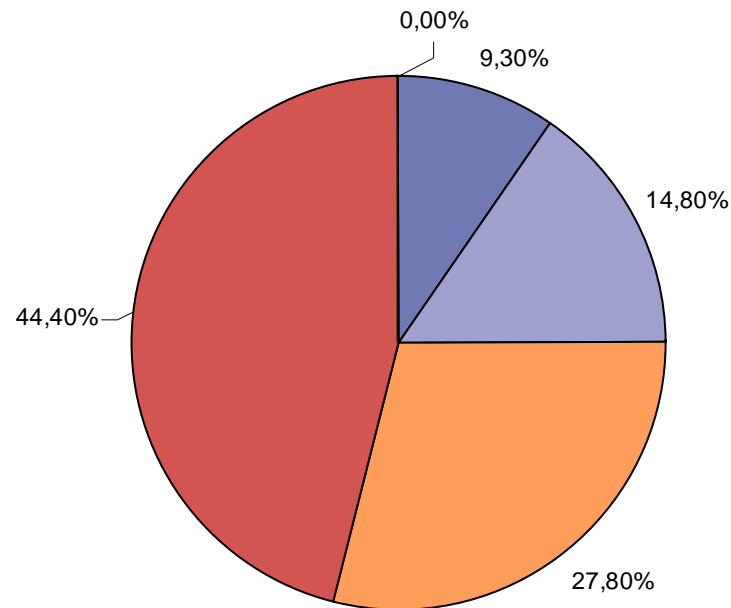
For each one of the following statements, please indicate the level of your agreement.

Gathering data about individuals, even if it is aggregated for anonymization, allows for profiling.



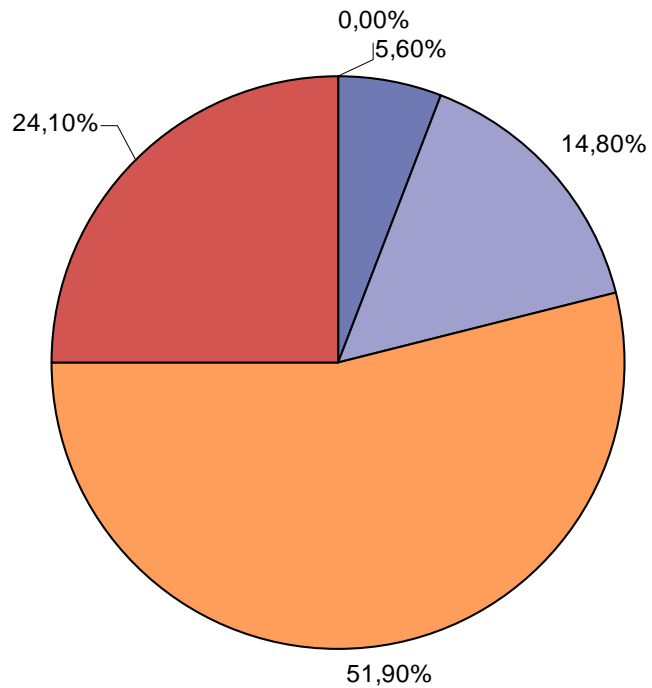
**Personal information is the currency for personalised services**

The more personal information is known about the user, the more personalised and useful a mobile search service will become

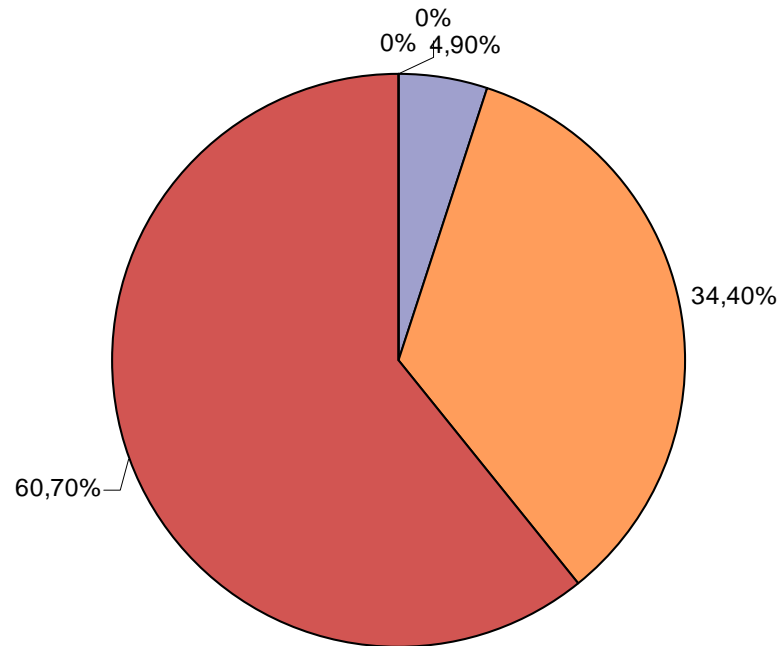


## □ Is personal data a more sensitive issue today than it was one year ago? Are user more aware?

Users are willing to exchange personal data for customized services



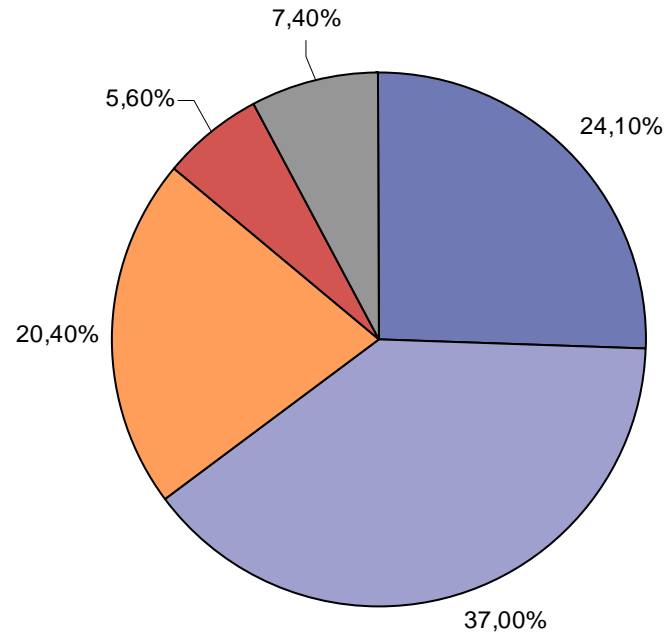
Users are willing to exchange personal data for customized services



## □ Have PET and TET dramatically evolved?

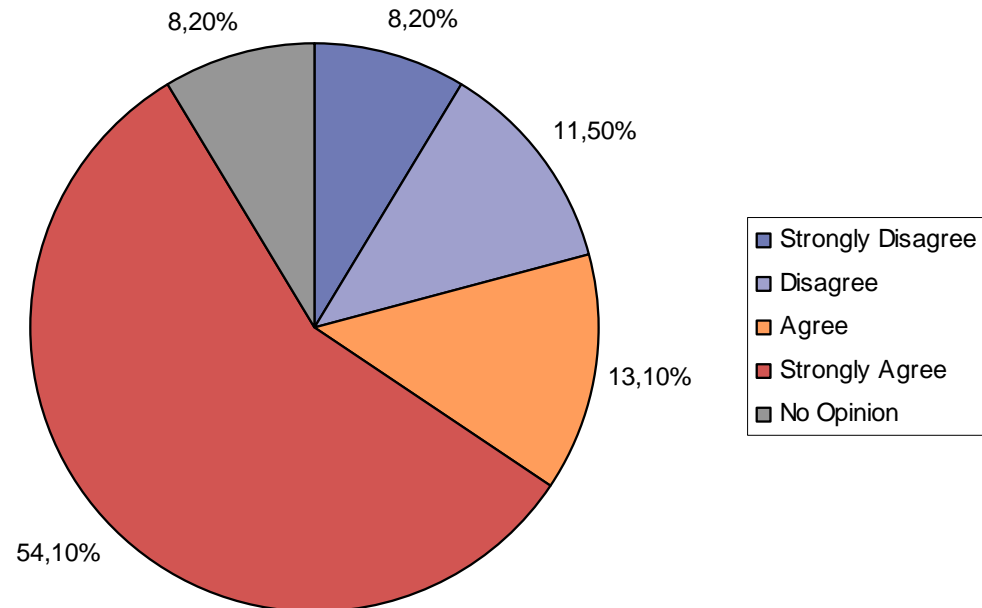
"Privacy by design" e.g. privacy-enhancing, transparency-enhancing technologies is not viable e.g. due to hacking, costs, etc.

**2010**



Privacy by design (e.g. privacyenhancing, transparencyenhancing technologies) is not viable (e.g. hacking, costs, etc)

**2009**



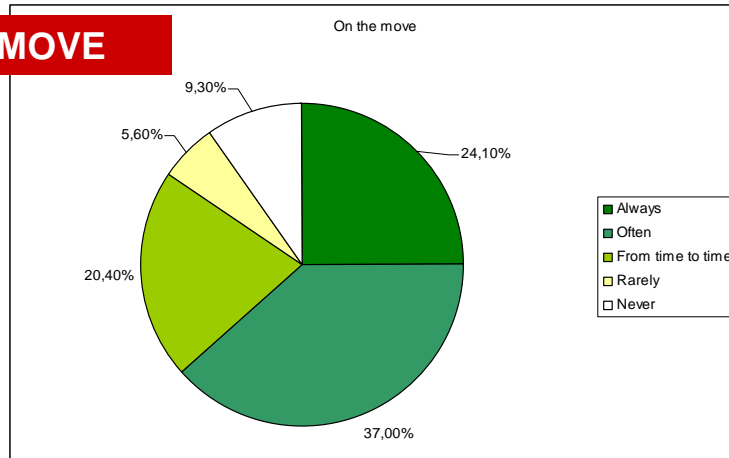
- Strongly Disagree
- Disagree
- Agree
- Strongly Agree
- No Opinion

## About how experts use mobile search

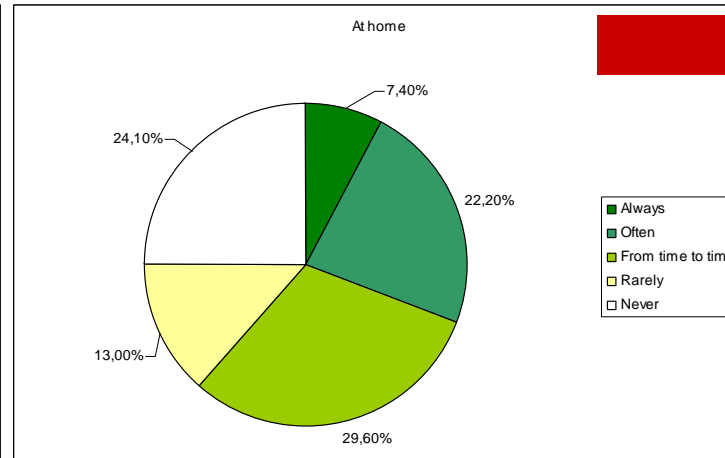
- How are mobile search usage patterns changing?
- Is there a consensus on future trends and directions?

## Where do you use your mobile device for search?

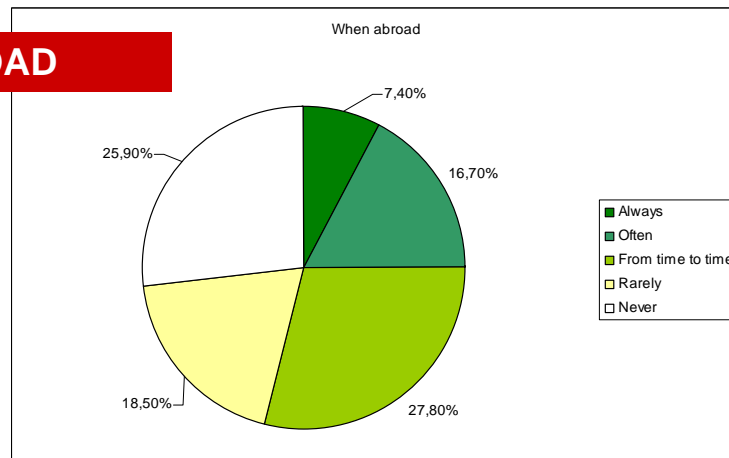
### ON THE MOVE



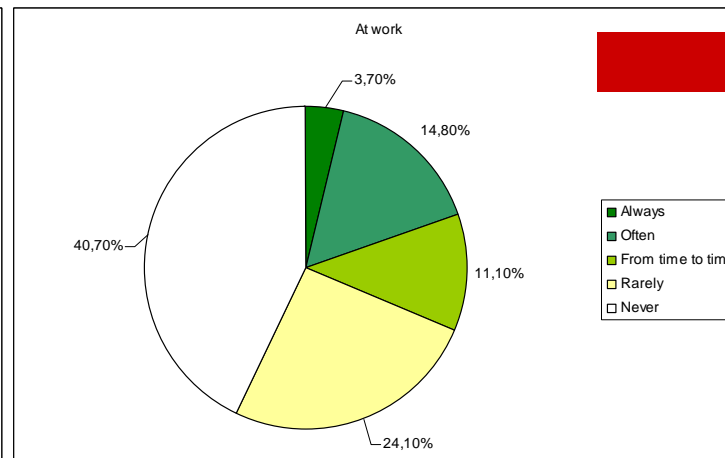
### AT HOME



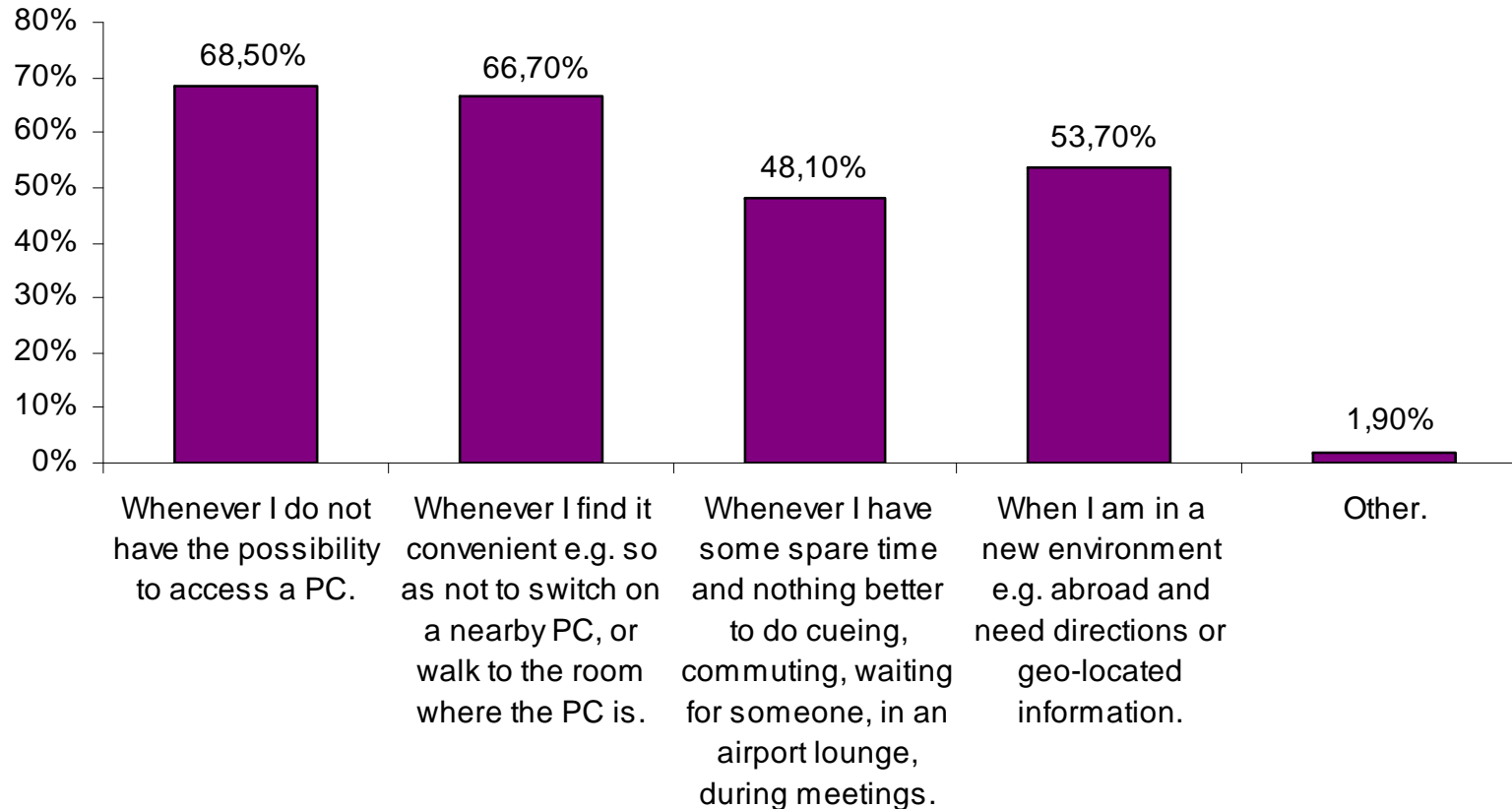
### ABROAD



### AT WORK

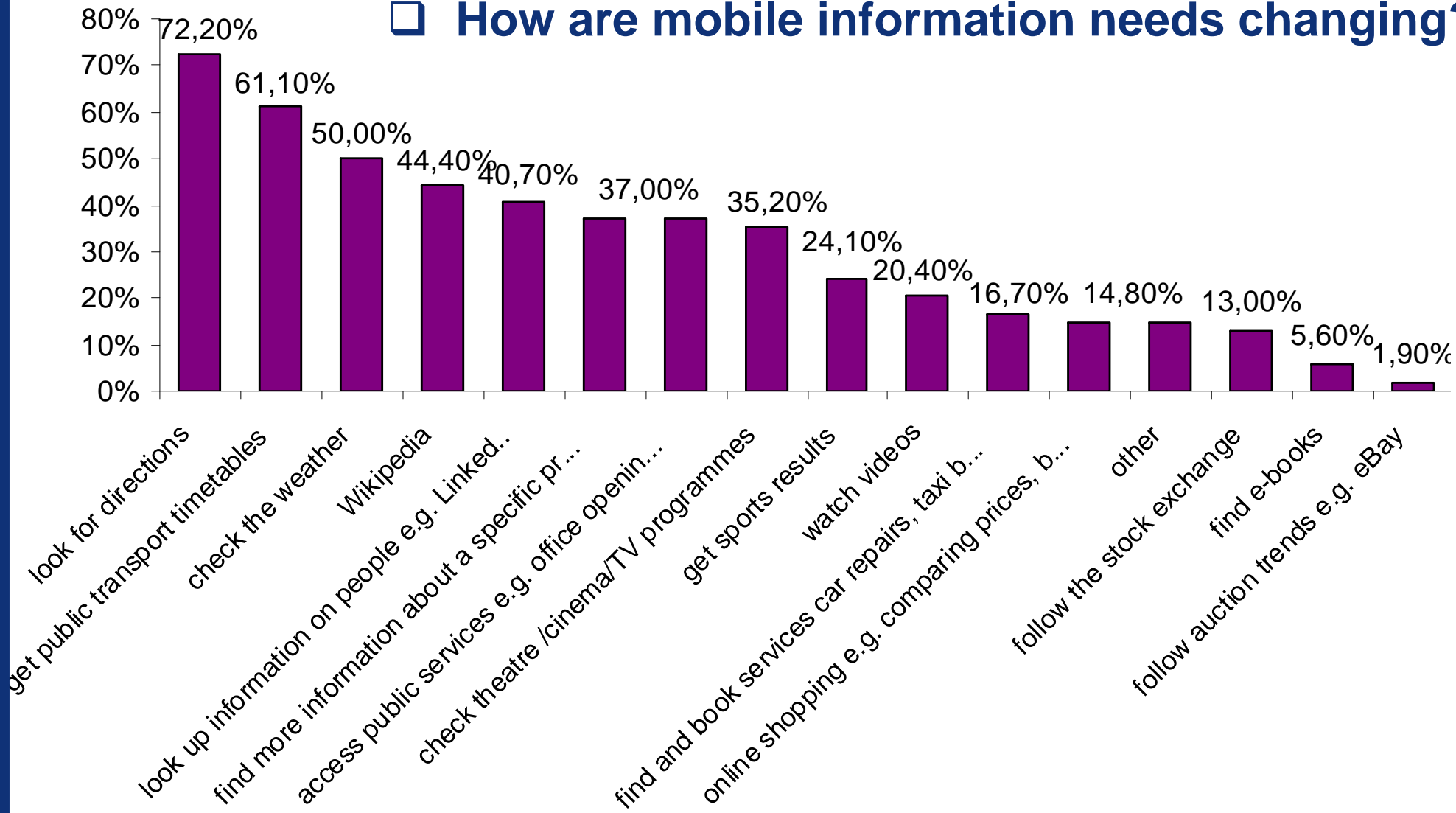


When do you use your mobile device to perform search?



How are mobile search usage patterns changing?

## How are mobile information needs changing?





## Which search engine(s) do you use on your mobile?

### 40 replies

- ↘ 39 use Google (19 Google only, Google Goggles, Google Maps)
- ↘ 1 safari only
- ↘ Yahoo (7),
- ↘ Shazam (2),
- ↘ Youtube(2),
- ↘ local search engines (e.g.hitta.se for addresses and maps, vasttafik for public transport)(2)
- ↘ YellowPages / phonebooks (2)
- ↘ Aroundme, Search it, Bing, Exalead, Voilá, Nokia Maps, Facebook, SoundHound, Wipanion, Kooaba, Taptu, Wikipidia, Wolfram Alpha, service widgets, on portal search engines.

- How are mobile information needs changing?
- How is the mobile search market likely to evolve?
- Which are the major bottlenecks?
- Which are the main challenges to be overcome?
- How are mobile search usage patterns changing?
- How is Europe placed with regard to the rest of the world?
- Is there a consensus on future trends and directions?
- What are the main technological and economical challenges laying ahead?

# Thanks

[Margherita.Bacigalupo@ec.europa.eu](mailto:Margherita.Bacigalupo@ec.europa.eu)

[Stavri.Nikolov@ec.europa.eu](mailto:Stavri.Nikolov@ec.europa.eu)

[JRC-IPTS-SEARCH-TEAM@ec.europa.eu](mailto:JRC-IPTS-SEARCH-TEAM@ec.europa.eu)